June MEDICATION AND
2018 MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY



Policy Created: September 2009 (formerly known as Administration of Medicines Policy)

Date Reviewed: November 2014

May 2017 June 2018 As required

Review: As required

The Medical Welfare of Pupils

This policy has been developed for the safety and well-being of the pupils and to ensure that medicines are administered safely and responsibly.

The school provides a full-time qualified nurse to care for pupils who may become ill and unable to continue with their class or injured during the school day and require first aid.

The best option for pupils who are sick is to be cared for by their parents at home, if necessary under the supervision of a GP.

The nurse should not be seen as an alternative to home care or consulting a doctor.

If in the nurse's opinion the child is not fit to be in school she should endeavour to contact the parents/guardians or other nominated emergency contact and request that they collect their child or if necessary, the nurse should make appropriate arrangements for them to be transferred to hospital.

The nurse can store and administer the pupils own prescribed medication where it is not possible for this to be done at home.

It is best practice for children to take their medication at home and this is encouraged by the school.

A consent form must be signed [Form M4 (appended page 12)/Form M7 (appended page 15)] by the parent/guardian or medication may not be given by staff at the school.

Communication with parents

Pupils are encouraged to discuss their visits to the medical room with their parents. The nurse should not routinely contact parents when a pupil attends the medical room due to the minor nature of most visits.

If the nurse has any immediate concerns, then parents should be contacted by telephone.

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Storage and Management of Medicines in the Medical Room

All drugs should be stored in a locked cupboard in the medical room.

The school nurse should be responsible for the keys.

Spare keys are kept in the school office for any situations when the nurse is not available.

If the school nurse has any concerns about the security of the medicines she should report them to the Vice-Principal for Pastoral Care and the Facilities Manager.

Medicines should be stored in their original containers.

All medicines should be labelled and the label must be clear and obvious.

The medicines should be checked monthly and will be disposed of if expired.

Pupils own medication should be kept separate from the school stock.

Expired medication should be taken to a local pharmacy to be disposed of.

Record Keeping

Each pupil should have a record kept on the Pupil's Nursing Record (PNR) in the medical room.

Each time a pupil attends the medical room a record should be logged stating the reason for attendance and any treatment or advice given.

Only the nurse should normally have access to these records. However, in exceptional circumstances when, for medical or emergency purposes, the Headmaster may access them or make them available to appropriate staff.

Information regarding the pupil's medical history, allergies, medication they usually take or any specific needs has to be provided by the parents in writing on the data collection form. The school takes the pastoral care of the pupils very seriously and endeavours to promote their wellbeing. For this reason, we need information which may affect a pupil at school to be accurate and kept updated. The responsibility to provide this information lies with the parent/guardian.

The information provided is updated in the pupil's record on the school's database.

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The original copies of the consent and information forms should be stored in the pupil's file.

If medication is administered it should be entered in the PNR in the medical room. This should include the time, date, name of medicine, dose, and reason for giving the medicine.

Administration of Medicines

The nurse should be accountable for all medication that she administers.

The decision to administer a medication or not is at the discretion of the nurse.

The nurse cannot be influenced by any 3rd party regarding the decision to administer a medication. Medication should only be administered when a valid consent form [Form M4 (appended page 12)/Form M7 (appended page 15)] has been returned to the school. Verbal consent may be sought from a parent/carer if a pupil is unwell and in the nurse's opinion a drug could be beneficial eg child with high temperature.

The pupil's medical records should be checked for any allergies or contra-indications.

A verbal check should be made with the pupil to confirm any medical conditions.

If the nurse is not satisfied that there is enough information, then she should not give any medication.

The name of the drug, its dose and the manufacturer's expiry date should be checked prior to administering any medicine.

Medication which has been provided by parents should not be administered on a regular basis if it is incorrectly presented to the school, although a verbal check can be made with a parent/carer if it is important to the child's health and well-being that he receives the drug on the day it is presented.

In some circumstances the task of administering a prescribed medicine may be delegated to a teacher or classroom assistant. This will usually be when the nurse is absent or it is not suitable for a child to attend the medical room. The teacher/classroom assistant has to agree to carry out this task but is not obliged to do so.

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Management of pupil's own medicine

If a child is on regular medication which needs to be administered during the school day, then parents may request that a supply is kept by the school for that purpose.

The school encourages parents to store and administer medication at home wherever possible.

The school can provide this service for pupils who: -

- Require medication at regular intervals through the day during school hours. Or
- Need to keep a small supply of their medication in case they forget to take it at home and omission would have an impact on their health.

Or

Require prescribed medication from time to time for instance for migraine relief.

The school should be in receipt of a current consent form for the administration of a pupils own medication or if a pupil needs to carry their own medication [Form M4 (appended page 12)].

If medication is stored for emergency situations eg anaphylaxis, an Action Plan should also be completed (Form M3 appended page 7). If the pupil has a hospital action plan it may be used in place of Form M3.

This consent and action plan should be renewed/reviewed annually by the parent or guardian at the beginning of each new academic year if the treatment is to continue.

The medication should be provided to the school by the parents in the following way or it may not be administered.

It should be in its original container.

It should have a printed pharmacy label stating pupil's name, drug name, dose and frequency.

The instructions on the pharmacy label should, match the instructions given by the parent or guardian on the consent/information sheet.

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All medicine should be within its expiry date. It is the parent/carers' responsibility to note expiry dates on medication and replace it as necessary.

Pupils own medicines will be returned home via the pupils at the end of the summer term and should not be stored at the school during the summer break.

Parents should be requested to collect controlled drugs.

Any medication which is not collected by the last day of term should be disposed of at a pharmacy.

Parents must return medication at the start of the new academic year and each year should be accompanied by a new or reviewed consent form.

If medicine and forms are not returned the school nurse should assume that the pupil no longer requires the medication to be administered or stored in school.

Expired medicine should be disposed of at a local pharmacy and unless requested by parents will not be returned to the pupil.

Management of Adrenaline Auto-injectors (AAIs)

Sullivan has emergency AAIs kept in several locations in school.

Pupils diagnosed with anaphylaxis must carry 2 prescribed AAIs with them at all times. However, in the event of anaphylaxis if the pupil's own prescribed AAI(s) cannot be administered correctly and without delay the school's AAI(s) can be used, only when the pupil has both medical consent and written parental consent.

Medical consent is given through a pupil having a signed allergy plan or by a pupil having been prescribed an AAI(s), in which case consent can be assumed.

The nurse should make a register of pupils who have been prescribed AAIs (or where a doctor has provided a written plan recommending AAI(s) be used in the event of anaphylaxis).

The nurse should keep a record of any AAI(s) used and inform parents/carers that their child has been administered an AAI and whether it is their own or the school's spare AAI.

Information regarding medication plans and consent should be reviewed annually.

The nurse should check AAI packs monthly and make a record of these checks. Used AAIs should be disposed of at a pharmacy.

In Sullivan Prep School, pupil's AAIs should be kept where they are easily accessible in the pupil's classroom and travel with them when they are off site. The protocols do not apply to the Prep school.

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School Trips and sporting activities

Staff who are taking a school trip should conduct a risk-assessment for any pupil at risk of anaphylaxis taking part in the trip off school premises. Pupils at risk of anaphylaxis should have their AAIs with them, and there should be staff who are aware of how to use an AAI in an emergency. Staff should contact the nurse before the trip and arrange for awareness training on using an AAI. In consultation with the nurse and under some circumstances the spare AAIs may be obtained for emergency use on some trips.

Changes in the pupil's medication during the school year

From time to time a pupil's medication may be changed by their doctor.

It is the responsibility of parents to inform the school in writing if there are any changes in their son/daughter's medical condition or medication.

If the medication is changed then a new supply will need to be issued or the parents may take the original supply to the pharmacy for re-labelling with the new dosage.

It will not be acceptable to take instruction from the parents to increase or decrease the dose of the drug without a prescription, a doctor's written instruction or a new pharmacy label.

A new pharmacy label is the best practice.

The consent form should also be renewed/reviewed.

Action Plans (Form M3)

Pupils who, because of an existing medical condition have the potential for an emergency episode which could put them at risk and require immediate first aid attention should have an Action Plan Form M3 (appended page 7). If the pupil has a Hospital Action Plan it may be used in place of Form M3 or of Allergy Forms M3(i) appended page 9, M3(ii) appended page 10 or M3(iii) appended page 11.

The decision to have an Action Plan for a pupil will depend on the severity of their condition and the parent's willingness to comply. An Action Plan will be drawn up involving the parents, the school nurse, other health professionals, if applicable, and the pupil if (s)he has sufficient understanding.

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Action Plans will be kept in the nurse's room and if they require it, with the pupil's emergency medication. Staff who wish to have a copy of an Action Plan M3 can get a copy from the school nurse and are bound by data protection procedures.

A medical site maintained by the nurse will contain any medical information taken from the data collection forms submitted by parents. Pupils who have medical conditions will have their names stored here and all staff can access this via secure intranet. Details of first aid for certain conditions, the names of first aiders and the location of first aid boxes will also be stored here.

Administration of Ad Hoc Medication by the School Nurse

As stated, it is the view of the school that parents should take overall responsibility for their child's health and that if they have any health concerns regarding their child they should seek medical advice from their family doctor.

On occasion the nurse may find it appropriate to offer a pupil certain general sale drugs for relief of minor symptoms, having obtained prior approval from a parent/guardian.

This is at the discretion of the nurse and without the consultation of a doctor.

Parents should be notified in writing if paracetamol, stomach medicine or cough bottle are given to their child [Form M6 (appended page 14)].

The nurse should make the decision to offer medication based on the pupil's presenting signs and symptoms and the medical history provided by their parents including any allergies.

The pupil should always be asked if they have taken the medication before and if so did they have any reactions to it.

The nurse should check the name of the drug, dose and expiry date.

It is not the policy of the school to continue with treatment of minor ailments if they persist for several days.

In the event that a pupil continues to present themselves at the medical room in the same condition the nurse should consult the parents. At her discretion the nurse may administer short-term casual medication to a pupil if accompanied by a note from the parent/carer with instructions of dose, time to be administered and when the course of medication should commence and end. It will be assumed by the nurse that the suitability of these medications for the pupil has been checked by the parent/carer.

Useful information on following websites:

https://www.education-ni.gov.uk/sites/default/files/publications/de/supporting-pupils-with-medical-needs

and publication from DE "Supporting Children with Medication Needs".

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FORM M3

SULLIVAN UPPER SCHOOL Administration of Medicines

ACTION PLAN FOR A PUPIL WITH MEDICAL NEEDS

The	ion Plan to be comp e school nurse can as ke an appointment.		Please cont	act her to		
Dat	e		 		РНОТО	
Rev	riew Date		 		please	
Nar	ne of Pupil		 			
Dat	e of Birth/	_/				
For	m					
Med	dical Diagnosis		 			
Cor	ntact Information					
1	FAMILY CONTACT	Т 1				
	Phone No:	(home/mobile)				
		(work)				

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	Relationship	
2	FAMILY CONTAC Name	Т 2
	Phone No:	(home/mobile)
		(work)
	Relationship	
3	GP Name	
	Phone No:	
4	CLINIC/HOSPITAL Name	CONTACT
	Phone No:	
Plea □	ase <u>list signs and sy</u>	<u>mptoms</u> which would constitute an emergency:

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Please <u>list action required</u> in an emergency: □
I agree that the medical information contained in this form may be shared with individuals involved with the care and education of
SIGNED(Parent/Carer)
DATE

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Data Protection Act 1998: The School is registered under the Data Protection Act for holding personal data. The School has a duty to protect this information and keep it up to date.

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Sullivan **U**pper **S**chool

	Sign:
РНОТО	
	Date//

Allergy Action Plan Form M3(i)

Name:		
DOB:/		
Emergency Contact Details:		
1)		
2)		

Mild-moderate allergic reaction

- Swollen lips, face or eyes
- Itchy / tingling mouth
- Hives or itchy skin rash
- · Abdominal pain or vomiting
- Sudden change in behaviour

ACTION

- STAY WITH THE CHILD, CALL FOR HELP IF **NECESSARY**
- **GIVE ANTIHISTAMINE** (dose) (if vomited, can repeat dose)
- CONTACT PARENT/CARER

THIS CHILD HAS THE FOLLOWING ALLERGIES AND IS PRESCRIBED THE FOLLOWING **MEDICATION AND TREATMENT:**

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School

Allergy Action Plan Form M3(ii)

THIS

Additional Instructions:

Watch for signs of ANAPHYLAXIS (life-threatening allergic reaction):

AIRWAY: Persistent cough, hoarse voice, difficulty swallowing, swollen tongue

BREATHING: Difficult or noisy breathing, wheeze or

persistent cough

Upper

CONSCIOUSNESS: Persistent dizziness / pale or floppy suddenly sleepy, collapse, unconscious

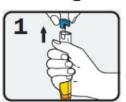
If ANY ONE of these signs are present:

- 1. Lie child flat. If breathing is difficult, allow to sit
- 2. Give EpiPen® or EpiPen® Junior
- 3. Dial 999 for an ambulance* and say ANAPHYLAXIS ("ANA-FIL-AX-IS") If in doubt, give EpiPen®

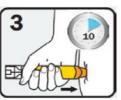
After giving Epipen:

- 1. Stay with child, contact parent/carer
- 2. Commence CPR if there are no signs of life
- 3. If no improvement after 5 minutes, give a further EpiPen® or alternative adrenaline autoinjector device, if available *You can dial 999 from any phone, even if there is no credit left on a mobile.

How to give EpiPen®



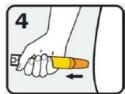
Form fist around EpiPen® and PULL OFF BLUE SAFETY CAP



HOLD FIRMLY in place for 10 seconds



SWING AND PUSH ORANGE TIP against outer thigh (with or without clothing) until a click is heard



REMOVE EpiPen®. Massage injection site for 10 seconds

CHILD HAS THE FOLLOWING ALLERGIES AND IS PRESCRIBED THE FOLLOWING **MEDICATION AND TREATMENT:**



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Sullivan

Name: DOB:// Emergency Contact Details:	 Mild-moderate allergic reaction Swollen lips, face or eyes Itchy / tingling mouth Hives or itchy skin rash Abdominal pain or vomiting Sudden change in behaviour
1)	ACTION STAY WITH THE CHILD, CALL FOR HELP IF NECESSARY GIVE ANTIHISTAMINE
Jext®: Instructions for use Watch for signs of WAPHYLAX	(if vomited, can repeat dose) • CONTACT PARENT/CARER (life-threatening allergic reaction):
AIRWAY: Persistent cough, hoarse voice, difficulty in your hand with tip against outer your thumb closest to thigh, holding the BREATHING! Officult or noisy of eathing hwheeze or off the yellow cap.	swallowing, swollen tongue persistent cough
CONSCIOUSNESS: Persistent dizziness / particles Particles 1. Lie child flat. If breathing is difficult, allow to Push the black tip firmly into your outer thigh until you give a lext then keep it pushed in. Hold in place for 10 seconds. (dial 999, ask for an ambulance and say anaphylaxis') couplial 999 for an ambulance and say anaphylaxis') couplial 999 for an ambulance and say anaphylaxis')	ale or floppy suddenly sleepy, collapse, unconscious
	ANAPHYLAXIS ("ANA-FIL-AX-IS") If in doubt, give Jext®

1. Stay with child, contact parent/carer

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After giving Jext:

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S ullivan	
Additional Instructions:	2. Commence CPR if there are no signs of life
	3. If no improvement after 5 minutes, give a further Jext® or alternative adrenaline autoinjector
	device, if available *You can dial 999 from any phone, even if there is no credit left on a mobile

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	Sign:
РНОТО	
	Data / /

Allergy Action Plan

Form M3(iii)

THIS CHILD HAS THE FOLLOWING ALLERGIES:

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POLICY Name:	SULLIVAN U	PPER SCHOOL
1908:// 2018 MEDICAL 2018 gency Contact D	MEDICA CONDITIONS	TION AND S POLICY
1)		
2) Sullivan		





Additional Instructions:

Mild-moderate allergic reaction

- · Swollen lips, face or eyes
- · Itchy / tingling mouth
- · Hives or itchy skin rash
- Abdominal pain or vomiting

 Sudden change in behaviour

ACTION

- STAY WITH THE CHILD, CALL FOR HELP IF NECESSARY
- GIVE ANTIHISTAMINE ______(dose) (if vomited, can repeat dose)
- CONTACT PARENT/CARER

AIRWAY: Persistent cough, hoarse voice, difficulty swallowing, swollen tongue

BREATHING: Difficult or noisy breathing, wheeze or

persistent cough

CONSCIOUSNESS: Persistent dizziness / pale or floppy suddenly sleepy, collapse, unconscious

Watch for signs of ANAPHYLAXIS

If ANY ONE of these signs are present:

- 1. **Lie child flat.** If breathing is difficult, allow to sit
- 2. **Dial 999 for an ambulance*** and say ANAPHYLAXIS ("ANA-FIL-AX-IS")
- 3. Stay with child, contact parent/carer
- 4. Commence CPR if there are no signs of life

*You can dial 999 from any phone, even if there is no credit left on a mobile.

(life-threatening allergic reaction):

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SULLIVAN UPPER SCHOOL Administration of Medicines

Section 1 - REQUEST TO ADMINISTER MEDICATION

The school may not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form

DETAILS OF	PUPIL	
Surname		Forename(s)
Date of Birth		Form
Condition or i	illness	
CONTACT DE	ETAILS	
Name		
Phone No:	Home	
	Mobile	
	Work	
Relationship	to Pupil	
MEDICATION		
instructions is		roperly labelled medication with the pupil's name and full administration s required. It is the parents' responsibility to ensure all medication has
DIRECTIONS		
B Dosag	ge of a prescribed med	cation can only be changed on a Doctor's instructions
Name of Medi	ication	Name of Medication
Type (ie liquid))	Type (ie liquid)

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Self Administration Yes/No Self Administration (delete as appropriate)	elf Administration	Yes/No
	ose	
Route (Please tick as appropriate) Orally Injected Inhaled Other	oute (Please tick as appro Orally	
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Time At break-time □ At Lunch-time □ At	i me t break-time □ ther □ (specify time)	At Lunch-time □
Are there any side effects that the school needs to know yes, give details	about? Yes/No If	
Any other relevant information eg emergency procedures	S	
PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY		
I have read and agree to the statements below:		
 I understand and accept that this is a service, which the set I understand that I must notify the school of any changes I understand any medication not collected at the end of the of. I understand that it is the parents' responsibility that mearesponsibility to ensure all medication has not passed 	in writing. e school year will be taken t dication is delivered to the	to a pharmacy and disposed
Signed(Parent/Carer)	Date	

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Section 2 - REQUEST FOR PUPIL TO CARRY MEDICATION ONLY COMPLETE IF YOU WISH YOUR CHILD TO CARRY MEDICATION

_	keep the medication for use as necessary and understand they have a medication safe and away from other pupils.
Signed	(Parent/Carer) Date
Relationship to child	
AGREEMENT OF HEADM	ASTER
I agree that	will be allowed to carry and self-administer his/her
medication whilst in school	and that this arrangement will continue until instructed by parents.
Signed	(Headmaster) Date
Data Protection Act 1998	The School is registered under the Data Protection Act for holding personal data. The

SULLIVAN UPPER SCHOOL Administration of Medicines

School has a duty to protect this information and keep it up to date.

FORM M6

Advice regarding medicine given to your child

Front page

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Date Time Pupil Name	Form	D.O.B.			
Head Injury Medicine Y Parent Unable to contact The nurse administered Injury Information Injury	Name of parent/carer contact	ted (if applicat	le)	Time	
Details of Treatment and Additional Comments	MEDICINE ADMIN	STERED	VOMITING/DIAR	R CHILD WAS SENT HOME WITH RHOEA THEY SHOULD NOT RETURN TO AT LEAST 48 SYMPTOM FREE HOURS.	
	Name of Drug:			D INJURY ADVICE	
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Dose:			d suffer any drowsiness, visual disturbance, severe	
	generall		generally u	che or complain of feeling unwell following this injury, further medical advice.	
IF ANY SYMPTOMS OF THE ILLNESS / INJURY PERSIST PLEASE SEEK ADDITIONAL MEDICAL ADVICE	again before	M/PM	Nurse Signature:		
SULLIVAN UPPER SCHOOL	INCIDEN	Г / ILL	NESS	REPORT SLIP No.	
TEL: 02890 428780	REPO	AT SL	1	001226	

On reverse

If your child has sustained a head injury please remember the following:

Symptoms (Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Disturbed Vision)

Behavioural (Depression, Moodiness, Irritability)

Ears (Ringing or hearing impairment)

Cognitive (lapses of memory, concentration or focus)

Seek Medical help for diagnosis, treatment and advice about physical activity e.g. sport

Infection Name	Exclusion Period from School
Chicken Pox *	Five days from the onset of the rash
German Measles (Rubella) *	Six days from the onset of the rash
Measles*	Four days from the onset of the rash
Scabies	Child can return after first treatment
Scarlet Fever	Child can return 24 hours after commencing appropriate antibiotic treatment
Slapped Cheek*	None
Whooping Cough	Five days from commencing antibiotic treatment or 21 days from onset of illness if no antibiotic treatment
Mumps	Exclude child for five days following the onset of the swelling

^{*} Please inform school of these conditions due to serious risk to vulnerable children & pregnant women

FORM M7

SULLIVAN UPPER SCHOOL, HOLYWOOD

BASIC MEDICATION



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As it is not always easy to contact a parent when a child presents with a minor ailment, I keep in school a number of basic medicines and creams which may be purchased over the counter in any chemist. These include cough remedies, paracetamol and antacids, etc.

These basic medicines would be administered at my discretion if the child has returned a signed consent form.

If your child requires short-term medication eg eye drops which need to be administered in school I can do this, if it is presented in the following manner. The medication should have a pharmacy label and be in its original container or if it is a non-prescription medication it should have the pupil's name and date of birth on it. It should be accompanied by a note containing instructions of the dose and when treatment should start and finish. If medications are to be given it will be assumed the parent/carer has checked that the medication is suitable for their child.

Please do not allow your child to carry medication in school without contacting me first. If your child is on prescription medication which may be required during school hours please contact me as a separate form needs to be completed.

Asthma

M McAVOY (Mrs)

We are currently looking into introducing the use of an emergency inhaler, as per guidelines, for pupils who have asthma. If during an attack they do not have their own inhaler with them, the school's emergency inhaler would be used. The consent for this needs to be given as per the form below.

Please complete and return the attached slip and listing any allergies your child has. This consent is not renewed annually therefore it is the responsibility of every parent to inform the school of any change in consent for medication or of any new medical conditions or allergies.

School Nurse NB Pupils must not contact parents directly about illness before seeing the school nurse. If your child is too unwell to be in school, you will be contacted by the school nurse or another member of staff. ×------**REPLY SLIP - BASIC MEDICATION** FORM M7 NAME OF PUPIL YEAR DOB **ALLERGIES** My child has been diagnosed with asthma and Yes No No

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I give permission for the use of an emergency inhaler if required?

I give my consent to the administering of basic medication to my child.

MEDICATION AND 2018 MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

Signature of Parent/Guardian:	Date:

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